Transmitted Via Electronic Mail

January 3, 2024

Honorable Lourdes A. Leon Guerrero Governor of Guam Office of the Governor 513 W. Marine Corps Drive Hagåtña, Guam 96910

Honorable Benjamin J. F. Cruz Public Auditor Office of Public Accountability 238 Archbishop Flores St. Suite 401 DNA Bldg. Hagåtña, GU 96910 Honorable Therese M. Terlaje Speaker, 37th Guam Legislature I 'Mina Trentai siette Na Liheslaturan Guahan Guam Congress Building 163 Chalan Santo Papa Hagåtña, Guam 96910

Honorable Douglas B. Moylan Attorney General of Guam Office of the Attorney General of Guam 590 S. Marine Corps. Dr. Suite 901 Tamuning, Guam 96913

Re: Completion of Educational Program Required for Boards and Commissions – 5 GCA Chapter 43§ 43116

Håfa Adai Governor Leon Guerrero, Speaker Terlaje, Public Auditor Cruz, and Attorney General Moylan,

On behalf of the Guam Ethics Commission, I am pleased to share that all Commissioners of the Guam Ethics Commission have successfully completed their annual education program as mandated by 5 GCA Chapter 43 § 43116. A copy of the program is attached.

If I can provide further assistance or clarification, please feel free to contact me through email at jesse.quenga@ethics.guam.gov.

Si Yu'os Ma'ase!

JESSE JOHN QUENGA, CM®

Executive Director

Enclosure: Guam Ethics Commission Annual Education Program Training Material

Cc: Christopher A. Cruz, Chairman – Guam Ethics Commission

Education Program

December 29, 2023



Agenda

- . Procurement Law Updates*
- II. Strategic Planning Discussion
- III. Five Steps to Being a Better Board Member
- IV. Parliamentary Procedure
- V. Good & Bad Characteristics
- VI. Working with the Governor & Building Partnerships with Legislature
- VII. Self-Evaluation



NEW PROCUREMENT LAW

 P.L. 37-12: An Act to Add a New §5221, §5222, §5223, § 5224, and § 5225 to Subarticle b of Article 3, Chapter 5, Title 5, Guam Code Annotated, Ensuring the Online Accessibility and Timely Posting of Any and All Government of Guam Invitations for Bids (IFBs) and Requests for Proposals (RFPs) on a dedicated Government website.

Strategic Plan Activity:

• To foster a meaningful conversation regarding the Commission's Strategic Goals, you will be provided with five (5) questions centered around the three statutory directives of the Commission.



• How can we enhance the efficiency and transparency of the investigative process for allegations of ethical misconduct within the Guam Ethics Commission?



• In what ways can we optimize and improve the current mandatory ethics training to ensure it effectively educates individuals on ethical standards and practices?



• What strategies can be implemented to increase public awareness and engagement with the Guam Ethics Commission's annual summary of opinions, promoting a culture of transparency and accountability?



• How can we leverage technology to streamline and modernize the Ethics Commission's processes, such as case management for investigations and delivery of ethics training?

Question 5

• What measures can be taken to strengthen collaboration with other relevant entities, both within and outside the government, to ensure a comprehensive and cohesive approach to addressing ethical concerns within the government of Guam?

Five Steps to Being a Better Commissioner

1. Focus on organizational achievement



BOARD SERVICE MAKES A DIFFERENCE:



POINTS TO BE DISCUSSED CORRELATE
TO IMPROVED ORGANIZATIONAL
ACHIEVEMENT

2. Devote the Time

How do you perceive the time commitment is for a member of the Commission?

- Commission Meetings
- Board Policy Review / Development
- Ethics Investigations & Hearings?

No one board member is an expert in all topics

 Divide the workload by assigning topics to committees



Are you prepared for board meetings?

Are you familiar with an agenda item, issue, history, and possible solutions.

3. Do Your Homework



Are the staff prepared for board meetings?

Do you receive the materials in a timely manner.

Does the staff understand what is expected from them to prepare for a meeting?



Chair's responsibility to address

4. Question

- Does the Commission have a strategic plan or board policy to address the issue?
- How can the Commission measure the implementation or effectiveness of their policy?
- What are the ground rules for determining what is Commission work and what are staff responsibilities?
- What can I do to foster a positive working relationship among all members?



Effective Commission Members Make Decisions.

5. Make Decisions



Don't be tempted to set aside controversial topics.



A member's responsibility does not end after a vote, a member must work with colleagues to ensure the adopted policy is carried out effectively



Robert's Rules of Order

Majority Right to Decide = Minorities Right to be Heard



Overview

- Parliamentary procedure regulates how the board conducts its business during official meetings
- Most boards operate utilizing Robert's Rules of Order (Guam Legislature uses Mason's Rule of Order)
- A basic understanding of parliamentary procedure ensures:
 - Rights of all participants are protected
 - Debate is balanced
 - Business of the board is done in a fair and orderly manner

Robert's Rules of Order

- Important points to know when participating in board/commission meetings:
 - -The Agenda
 - -The Chairperson
 - -Making a motion
 - -Making Amendments
 - -Making Special Amendments

Robert's Rules of Order Key terms:

- Point of Privilege
- -Parliamentary Inquiry
- Point of Information
- Orders of the Day
- Point of Order
- -Main Motion
- -Divide the Question
- -Consider by Paragraph
- -Amend
- -Withdraw/Modify Motion
- --Extend Debate

- Commit/Refer/Recommit to Committee
- -Limit Debate
- Postpone to a Certain Time
- Object to Consideration
- -Lay on the Table
- -Take from the Table
- Reconsider
- -Postpone Indefinitely
- -Previous Question
- Informal Consideration
- -Appeal Decision of the Chair
- Suspend the Rules

Robert's Rules of Order 5 biggest mistakes made using Robert's Rules of Order

- 1) Using Robert's Rules of Order as a weapon
- 2) Not teaching members the basics
- 3) Relying on just institutional knowledge
- 4) Not restating the motion, both chair and members
- 5) Going too fast through meetings (slow down, so you can speed up)

Robert's Rules of Order Tip Sheet

Types of Motions

Main Motion:

- Introduces items to the membership for their consideration.
- Cannot be made when any other motion is on the floor.

Subsidiary Motion:

-Change or affect how a main motion is handled, and is voted on before a main motion.

Privileged Motion

- Bring up items that are urgent about special or important matters unrelated to pending business.

Incidental Motion:

- Provide a means of questioning procedure concerning other motions and must be considered before the other motion

Robert's Rules of Order Tip Sheet

Types of Motions Continued...

- Motion to Table:
 - Used in the attempt to "kill" a motion.
- Motion to Postpone:
 - This is often used as a means of parliamentary strategy and allows opponents of a motion to test their strength without an actual vote being taken.
 - Also, debate is once again open on the main motion.
 - Kills the question/resolution for this session exception: the motion to reconsider can be made this session.



BAD Characteristics of a Board Member

Uncooperative/Interruptive

Not Prepared

Non-participatory (absent)

Micromanager

Disruptive

Controlling/Imposing

Conforming/Group think

Lacks Integrity

Non Communicative

Sinister

Narcissistic/Hubris/Arrogance

D Characteristics Board Member

Team player/Brings people together

Active listener

Supportive of department

Cordial

Fair

Accessible/Transparent

Representative of Shareholders

Adherent and knowledgeable of rules and governing laws

Role Model for each other and community

Forward thinking

Politically skilled

Prepared for meetings/Roles

Problem Solver

Passionate

Working with the Governor & Building Partnerships with Legislature



Stephen Parker's: 4 G's for a Good Relationship



Governance

Understand the Structure



Goals

Common Cause = Greater support to achieving goals



Glory

Compile your work and accomplishments so that all elected officials and the public understand what you have done and why



Gotcha

Do not do this! Surprising elected officials will never advance Commission policies.

The Commission & The Guam Legislature



Build Relationships



Learn the Fundamentals of the Legislative Process



Consider Creating a Legislative Committee



Involve Organizational Stakeholders in Developing Legislative Priorities



Communicate Clearly and Concisely



Avoid Burning Bridges

Legislative Do's and Don'ts

DO

- Communicate regularly. Don't wait for the legislators to contact the Commission. Promote transparency and openness
- Avoid Misunderstanding. Clearly communicate "Why" those policies and "how" legislators can help
- Using your priorities, communicate clearly how the Commission hopes to accomplish these priorities
- Avoid partisan politics.

DON'T

- Rely solely on the Commission staff.
 The board chair or all members should be familiar with legislators.
- Depend on the relationship of certain board members with specific Senators. This will pull the Commission back if either a Commissioner or a Senator leaves their position
- Promote an individual position not aligned with goals established by the Commission.

Self-Evaluation

Preface

The Commission must govern and discipline itself in a way that ensures a steadfast commitment to its mission and goals

How do we measure effectiveness in leadership?

Take time to reflect on the Commission's actions over a specified period.

- Evaluate the Commission on:
 - Roles and responsibilities of Commissioners
 - Commission operations
 - Progress toward achieving board goals

Roles and Responsibilities of Commissioners Revisited

01

Delineate their roles and responsibilities as Commissioners

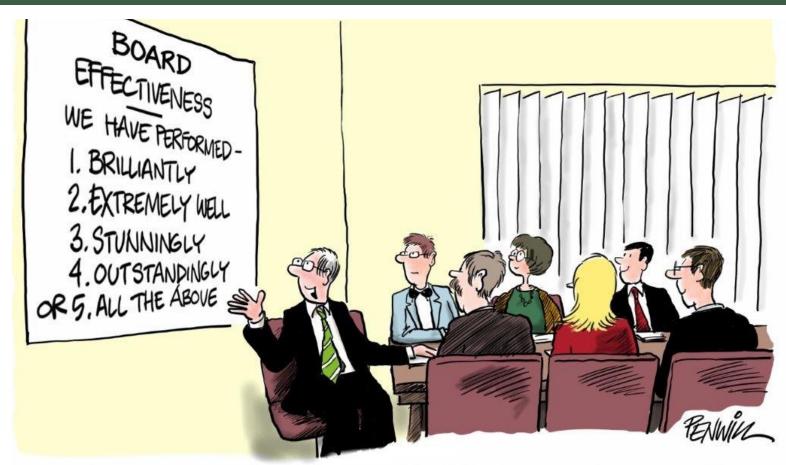
02

Identify and assess individual and Commission activities addressed within that role

03

Measure effectiveness and appropriateness of Commission activities in advancing and achieving its goals 04

Identify voids in island leadership that are areas into which the Commission can move



"NEXT ITEM - CARRYING OUT OUR OBJECTIVE SELF-ASSESSMENT"

Think about it...

Evaluating the Commission's operating procedures motivates the board to critically examine its structure and proceedings and to decide if they are moving the board toward its desired outcomes

Consider these evaluation topics:



Agenda development and administration



Policymaking procedures



Alignment of the Commission's operations with its strategic plan, mission and goals



Opportunities for Commissioner development

Progress Toward Achieving Commission Goals



Use Data

Use data to drive both long- and short-term goals



Approve Goals

Approve three to five annual shortterm goals that are subsets of their long-term objectives.



Measure Satisfaction

Measure Commission satisfaction with the achievement of the goals as well as appropriateness of the goals with respect to the Commission's mission